

Acts to Revelation: Quiz on Acts

The author of Acts is: (A) Peter; (B) Paul; (C) Luke; (D) John Mark.

According to Col 4:14, Luke was; (A) A fisherman; (B) A physician/doctor; (C) A tax-collector; (D) A Pharisee.

Acts is addressed to: (A) Theophilus; (B) Nympha; (C) Justus; (D) Aristarchus.

Acts primarily deals with what two persons: (A) Peter & Paul; (B) Barnabas & Stephen; (C) Peter & Stephen; (D) Barnabas & Silas.

Apologetics refers to: (A) Studying how best to say "I'm sorry"; (B) Defending one's faith; (C) An examination of Acts; (D) Understanding Paul's Epistles from Acts.

The "we" sections in Acts refer to: (A) Passages where Paul is writing; (B) Passages where John Mark is with Luke; (C) Passages where Aristarchus is imprisoned with Paul; (D) Passages where Luke writes in the first-person plural was an eyewitness to the events he narrates.

Although Luke was once maligned as a historian, recent scholarship sees him as: (A) A remarkable historian with great knowledge of then current events; (B) A historian who made up a bunch of facts to fit with his story; (C) A historian who fabricated much to make Paul look good; (D) An amateur historian who had little knowledge of what he wrote.

The gift of the Holy Spirit is mentioned in: (A) Acts 1:28; (B) Acts 16:31; (C) Acts 2:38; (D) Acts 28:1.

The instructor mentioned the following might be an apt title for the Book of Acts: (A) The Acts of the Holy Spirit; (B) The Acts of Aristarchus; (C) The Acts of All the Apostles; (D) The Acts of Theophilus.

According to Acts 20:28, the following church officers are installed by the Holy Spirit: (A) Apostles; (B) Deacons; (C) Evangelists; (D) Elders.